SMART Digital - DDA

up to 30 l/h

Installation and operating instructions
Original installation and operating instructions.

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Warning
Prior to installation, read these installation and operating instructions. Installation and operation must comply with local regulations and accepted codes of good practice.
1. Safety instructions
These installation and operating instructions contain general instructions that must be observed during installation, operation and maintenance of the pump. It must therefore be read by the installation engineer and the relevant qualified operator prior to installation and start-up, and must be available at the installation location at all times.

1.1 Symbols used in this document

**Warning**
If these safety instructions are not observed, it may result in personal injury.

If these safety instructions are not observed, it may result in malfunction or damage to the equipment.

**Note**
Notes or instructions that make the job easier and ensure safe operation.

1.2 Qualification and training of personnel
The personnel responsible for the installation, operation and service must be appropriately qualified for these tasks. Areas of responsibility, levels of authority and the supervision of the personnel must be precisely defined by the operator. If necessary, the personnel must be trained appropriately.

**Risks of not observing the safety instructions**
Non-observance of the safety instructions may have dangerous consequences for the personnel, the environment and the pump and may result in the loss of any claims for damages. It may lead to the following hazards:

- Personal injury from exposure to electrical, mechanical and chemical influences.
- Damage to the environment and personal injury from leakage of harmful substances.

1.3 Safety instructions for the operator/user
The safety instructions described in these instructions, existing national regulations on health protection, environmental protection and for accident prevention and any internal working, operating and safety regulations of the operator must be observed. Information attached to the pump must be observed.

Leakages of dangerous substances must be disposed of in a way that is not harmful to the personnel or the environment.

Damage caused by electrical energy must be prevented, see the regulations of the local electricity supply company.

**Before any work to the pump, the pump must be in the "Stop" operating state or be disconnected from the power supply. The system must be pressureless!**

**Note**
The mains plug is the separator separating the pump from the mains.

Only original accessories and original spare parts should be used. Using other parts can result in exemption from liability for any resulting consequences.

1.4 Safety of the system in the event of a failure in the dosing pump
The dosing pump was designed according to the latest technologies and is carefully manufactured and tested.

If it fails regardless of this, the safety of the overall system must be ensured. Use the relevant monitoring and control functions for this.

**Make sure that any chemicals that are released from the pump or any damaged lines do not cause damage to system parts and buildings.**

**The installation of leak monitoring solutions and drip trays is recommended.**
1.5 Dosing chemicals

Warning
Before switching the supply voltage back on, the dosing lines must be connected in such a way that any chemicals in the dosing head cannot spray out and put people at risk.
The dosing medium is pressurised and can be harmful to health and the environment.

Warning
When working with chemicals, the accident prevention regulations applicable at the installation site should be applied (e.g. wearing protective clothing).
Observe the chemical manufacturer's safety data sheets and safety instructions when handling chemicals!

Caution
A deaeration hose, which is routed into a container, e.g. a drip tray, must be connected to the deaeration valve.

The dosing medium must be in liquid aggregate state!

Caution
Observe the freezing and boiling points of the dosing medium!

The resistance of the parts that come into contact with the dosing medium, such as the dosing head, valve ball, gaskets and lines, depends on the medium, media temperature and operating pressure.
Ensure that parts in contact with the dosing media are resistant to the dosing medium under operating conditions, see data booklet!

Caution
Should you have any questions regarding the material resistance and suitability of the pump for specific dosing media, please contact Grundfos.

1.6 Diaphragm breakage

If the diaphragm leaks or is broken, dosing liquid escapes from the drain opening (fig. 41, pos. 11) on the dosing head. Observe section 7.6 Diaphragm breakage.

Warning
Danger of explosion, if dosing liquid has entered the pump housing!
Operation with damaged diaphragm can lead to dosing liquid entering the pump housing.
In case of diaphragm breakage, immediately separate the pump from the power supply!

Make sure the pump cannot be put back into operation by accident!
Dismantle the dosing head without connecting the pump to the power supply and make sure no dosing liquid has entered the pump housing.
Proceed as described in section 7.6.1 Dismantling in case of diaphragm breakage.

To avoid any danger resulting from diaphragm breakage, observe the following:
• Perform regular maintenance. See section 7.1 Regular maintenance.
• Never operate the pump with blocked or soiled drain opening.
  – If the drain opening is blocked or soiled, proceed as described in section 7.6.1 Dismantling in case of diaphragm breakage.
• Never attach a hose to the drain opening. If a hose is attached to the drain opening, it is impossible to recognise escaping dosing liquid.
• Take suitable precautions to prevent harm to health and damage to property from escaping dosing liquid.
• Never operate the pump with damaged or loose dosing head screws.
2. General information

The DDA dosing pump is a self-priming diaphragm pump. It consists of a housing with stepper motor and electronics, a dosing head with diaphragm and valves and the control cube.

Excellent dosing features of the pump:
• Optimal intake even with degassing media, as the pump always works at full suction stroke volume.
• Continuous dosing, as the medium is sucked up with a short suction stroke, regardless of the current dosing flow, and dosed with the longest possible dosing stroke.

2.1 Applications

The pump is suitable for liquid, non-abrasive, non-flammable and non-combustible media strictly in accordance with the instructions in these installation and operating instructions.

Areas of application
• Drinking water treatment
• Wastewater treatment
• Swimming pool water treatment
• Boiler water treatment
• CIP (Clean-In-Place)
• Cooling water treatment
• Process water treatment
• Wash plants
• Chemical industry
• Ultrafiltration processes and reverse osmosis
• Irrigation
• Paper and pulp industry
• Food and beverage industries

2.2 Improper operating methods

The operational safety of the pump is only guaranteed if it is used in accordance with section 2.1 Applications.

Warning
Other applications or the operation of pumps in ambient and operating conditions, which are not approved, are considered improper and are not permitted. Grundfos cannot be held liable for any damage resulting from incorrect use.

Warning
The pump is NOT approved for operation in potentially explosive areas!

Warning
A sunscreen is required for outdoor installation!

Caution
Frequent disengagement from the mains voltage, e.g. via a relay, can result in damage to the pump electronics and in the breakdown of the pump. The dosing accuracy is also reduced as a result of internal start procedures.

Do not control the pump via the mains voltage for dosing purposes!
Only use the "External stop" function to start and stop the pump!
2.3 Symbols on the pump

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>!</td>
<td>Indication of universally dangerous spot.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>📡</td>
<td>In case of emergency and prior to all maintenance work and repairs, take the mains plug out of the mains supply!</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐</td>
<td>The device complies with electrical safety class II.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🔥</td>
<td>Connection for deaeration hose at dosing head. If the deaeration hose is not correctly connected, danger will arise due to possible leakage of dosing liquid!</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.4 Warranty

A guarantee claim in accordance with our general terms of sale and delivery is only valid if the following requirements are fulfilled:

- The pump is used in accordance with the information within this manual.
- The pump is not dismantled or incorrectly handled.
- The maintenance is carried out by authorised and qualified personnel.

2.5 Nameplate

![Nameplate Diagram]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pos.</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Pos.</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Type designation</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Enclosure class</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Voltage</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Mark of approval, CE mark, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Frequency</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>Country of origin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Power consumption</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>Max. operating pressure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Max. dosing flow</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Model</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Fig. 1  Nameplate
2.6 Type key
The type key is used to identify the precise pump and is not used for configuration purposes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>DDA</th>
<th>7.5-16</th>
<th>AR-</th>
<th>PP/</th>
<th>V/</th>
<th>C-</th>
<th>F-</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>U2U2</th>
<th>F</th>
<th>G</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pump type</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Max. flow [l/h]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Max. pressure [bar]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Control variant</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AR Standard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FC AR with FlowControl</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FCM FC with integrated flow measurement</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dosing head material</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PP Polypropylene</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PVC PVC (polyvinyl chloride, only up to 10 bar)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PV PVDF (polyvinylidene fluoride)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SS Stainless steel DIN 1.4401</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gasket material</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E EPDM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V FKM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T PTFE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Valve ball material</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C Ceramic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SS Stainless steel DIN 1.4401</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Control cube position</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F Front-mounted (can be changed to the right or left)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Voltage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3 1 x 100-240 V, 50/60 Hz</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Valve type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 Standard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 Spring-loaded (HV version)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Suction/discharge side connection</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>U2U2 Hose, 4/6 mm, 6/9 mm, 6/12 mm, 9/12 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U7U7 Hose 0.17&quot; x 1/4&quot;; 1/4&quot; x 3/8&quot;; 3/8&quot; x 1/2&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA Threaded Rp 1/4&quot;, female (stainless steel)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VV Threaded 1/4&quot; NPT, female (stainless steel)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XX No connection</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Installation set*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I001 Hose, 4/6 mm (up to 7.5 l/h, 13 bar)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I002 Hose, 9/12 mm (up to 60 l/h, 9 bar)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I003 Hose, 0.17&quot; x 1/4&quot; (up to 7.5 l/h, 13 bar)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I004 Hose, 3/8&quot; x 1/2&quot; (up to 60 l/h, 10 bar)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mains plug</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>F EU</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B USA, Canada</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G UK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I Australia, New Zealand, Taiwan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E Switzerland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J Japan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L Argentina</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Design</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>G Grundfos</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* including: 2 pump connections, foot valve, injection unit, 6 m PE discharge hose, 2 m PVC suction hose, 2 m PVC deaeration hose (4/6 mm)
2.7 Product overview

Fig. 2  Front view of the pump

Fig. 3  Rear view of the pump
### 3. Technical data / Dimensions

#### 3.1 Technical data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Data</th>
<th>7.5-16</th>
<th>12-10</th>
<th>17-7</th>
<th>30-4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Turndown ratio (setting range) [1:X]</td>
<td>3000</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. dosing capacity [l/h]</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>12.0</td>
<td>17.0</td>
<td>30.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>[gph]</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>3.1</td>
<td>4.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. dosing capacity with SlowMode 50 % [l/h]</td>
<td>3.75</td>
<td>6.00</td>
<td>8.50</td>
<td>15.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>[gph]</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>1.55</td>
<td>2.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. dosing capacity with SlowMode 25 % [l/h]</td>
<td>1.88</td>
<td>3.00</td>
<td>4.25</td>
<td>7.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>[gph]</td>
<td>0.50</td>
<td>0.78</td>
<td>1.13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min. dosing capacity [l/h]</td>
<td>0.0025</td>
<td>0.0120</td>
<td>0.0170</td>
<td>0.0300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>[gph]</td>
<td>0.0007</td>
<td>0.0031</td>
<td>0.0045</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. operating pressure [bar]</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>[psi]</td>
<td>230</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. stroke frequency [strokes/min]</td>
<td>190</td>
<td>155</td>
<td>205</td>
<td>180</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stroke volume [ml]</td>
<td>0.74</td>
<td>1.45</td>
<td>1.55</td>
<td>3.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accuracy of repeatability [%]</td>
<td>± 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. suction lift during operation [m]</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. suction lift when priming with wet valves [m]</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min. pressure difference between suction and discharge side [bar]</td>
<td>1 (FC and FCM: 2)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. inlet pressure, suction side [bar]</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. viscosity in SlowMode 25 % with spring-loaded valves [mPas] (= cP)</td>
<td>2500</td>
<td>2500</td>
<td>2000</td>
<td>1500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. viscosity in SlowMode 50 % with spring-loaded valves [mPas] (= cP)</td>
<td>1800</td>
<td>1300</td>
<td>1300</td>
<td>600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. viscosity without SlowMode with spring-loaded valves [mPas] (= cP)</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. viscosity without spring-loaded valves [mPas] (= cP)</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min. internal hose/pipe diameter suction/discharge side [mm]</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min. internal hose/pipe diameter suction/discharge side (high viscosity) [mm]</td>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min./Max. liquid temperature [°C]</td>
<td>-10/45</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min./Max. ambient temperature [°C]</td>
<td>0/45</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min./Max. storage temperature [°C]</td>
<td>-20/70</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. relative humidity (non-condensing) [%]</td>
<td>96</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. altitude above sea level [m]</td>
<td>2000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1) The maximum stroke frequency varies depending on calibration
2) Data is based on measurements with water
3) Maximum suction lift: 1 m, dosing capacity reduced (approx. 30 %)
4) Length of suction line: 1.5 m, length of discharge line: 10 m (at max. viscosity)
5) With E-Box
6) PVC (polyvinyl chloride), only up to 10 bar

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Electrical data</th>
<th>7.5-16</th>
<th>12-10</th>
<th>17-7</th>
<th>30-4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Voltage [V]</td>
<td>100-240 V, - 10 %/+ 10 %, 50/60 Hz</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Length of mains cable [m]</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. inrush current for 2 ms (100 V) [A]</td>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. inrush current for 2 ms (230 V) [A]</td>
<td>25</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. power consumption P1 [W]</td>
<td>24 5)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enclosure class</td>
<td>IP65, Nema 4X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electrical safety class</td>
<td>II</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pollution degree</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Signal input</th>
<th>7.5-16</th>
<th>12-10</th>
<th>17-7</th>
<th>30-4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Max. load for level input</td>
<td>12 V, 5 mA</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. load for pulse input</td>
<td>12 V, 5 mA</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. load for External stop input</td>
<td>12 V, 5 mA</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min. pulse length [ms]</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. pulse frequency [Hz]</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Impedance at 0/4-20 mA analog input [Ω]</td>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accuracy of analog input (full-scale value) [%]</td>
<td>± 1.5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min. resolution of analog input [mA]</td>
<td>0.05</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. resistance in level/pulse circuit [Ω]</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Signal output</th>
<th>7.5-16</th>
<th>12-10</th>
<th>17-7</th>
<th>30-4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Max. ohmic load on relay output [A]</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. voltage on relay/analog output [V]</td>
<td>30 VDC/30 VAC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Impedance at 0/4-20 mA analog output [Ω]</td>
<td>500</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accuracy of analog output (full-scale value) [%]</td>
<td>± 1.5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min. resolution of analog output [mA]</td>
<td>0.02</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weight/size</th>
<th>7.5-16</th>
<th>12-10</th>
<th>17-7</th>
<th>30-4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Weight (PVC, PP, PVDF) [kg]</td>
<td>2.4</td>
<td>2.4</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight (stainless steel) [kg]</td>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diaphragm diameter [mm]</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>74</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sound pressure</th>
<th>7.5-16</th>
<th>12-10</th>
<th>17-7</th>
<th>30-4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Max. sound pressure level [dB(A)]</td>
<td>60</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Approvals</th>
<th>7.5-16</th>
<th>12-10</th>
<th>17-7</th>
<th>30-4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CE, CB, CSA-US, NSF61, GOST/TR, C-Tick</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.2 Dimensions

Fig. 4  Dimensional sketch

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DDA 7.5-16</td>
<td>280</td>
<td>251</td>
<td>196</td>
<td>46.5</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DDA 12-10/17-7</td>
<td>280</td>
<td>251</td>
<td>200.5</td>
<td>39.5</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DDA 30-4</td>
<td>295</td>
<td>267</td>
<td>204.5</td>
<td>35.5</td>
<td>38.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4. Assembly and installation

For use in Australia:
Installation of this product must comply with AS/NZS3500!

Note
Certificate of suitability number: CS9431
C-tick number: N20683

4.1 Pump assembly

Warning
Install the pump in such a way that the plug can easily be reached by the operator during operation! This will enable the operator to separate the pump from the mains quickly in case of emergency!

The pump is delivered with a mounting plate. The mounting plate can be mounted vertically e.g. on a wall or horizontally e.g. on a tank. It takes just a few quick steps to firmly secure the pump to the mounting plate by means of a slot mechanism.

The pump can easily be released from the mounting plate for maintenance.

4.1.1 Requirements
- The mounting surface must be stable and must not vibrate.
- Dosing must flow upwards vertically.

4.1.2 Align and install mounting plate
- **Vertical installation**: Mounting plate slot mechanism must be above.
- **Horizontal installation**: Mounting plate slot mechanism must be opposite the dosing head.
- The mounting plate can be used as a drill template, please see fig. 4 for drill hole distances.

![Fig. 5](image1)
Locate mounting plate

**Warning**
Make sure that you do not damage any cables and lines during installation!

1. Indicate drill holes.
2. Drill holes.
3. Secure mounting plate using four screws, diameter 5 mm, to the wall, on the bracket or the tank.

4.1.3 Engage pump in mounting plate

1. Attach the pump to the mounting plate support clamps and slide under slight pressure until it engages.

![Fig. 6](image2)
Engaging the pump

4.1.4 Adjusting control cube position

The control cube is fitted to the front of the pump on delivery. It can be turned by 90° so that the user can select to operate the pump from the right or left side.

**The enclosure class (IP65/Nema 4X) and shock protection are only guaranteed if the control cube is installed correctly!**

**Caution**
Pump must be disconnected from the power supply!

1. Carefully remove both protective caps on the control cube using a thin screwdriver.
2. Loosen screws.
3. Carefully lift off control cube only so far from the pump housing that no tensile stress is produced on the flat band cable.
4. Turn control cube by 90° and re-attach.
   - Make sure the O-ring is secure.
5. Tighten screws slightly and attach protective caps.

![Fig. 7](image3)
Adjusting control cube

**Note**
For use in Australia:
Installation of this product must comply with AS/NZS3500!

Certificate of suitability number: CS9431
C-tick number: N20683

**Warning**
Install the pump in such a way that the plug can easily be reached by the operator during operation! This will enable the operator to separate the pump from the mains quickly in case of emergency!

**Caution**
The enclosure class (IP65/Nema 4X) and shock protection are only guaranteed if the control cube is installed correctly!

**Caution**
Pump must be disconnected from the power supply!

1. Carefully remove both protective caps on the control cube using a thin screwdriver.
2. Loosen screws.
3. Carefully lift off control cube only so far from the pump housing that no tensile stress is produced on the flat band cable.
4. Turn control cube by 90° and re-attach.
   - Make sure the O-ring is secure.
5. Tighten screws slightly and attach protective caps.

**IP65, Nema 4X**
4.2 Hydraulic connection

**Warning**
*Risk of chemical burns!*

*Wear protective clothing (gloves and goggles) when working on the dosing head, connections or lines!*

*The dosing head may contain water from the factory check!*

*When dosing media which should not come into contact with water, another medium must be dosed beforehand!*

*Faultless function can only be guaranteed in conjunction with lines supplied by Grundfos!*

*The lines used must comply with the pressure limits as per section 3.1 Technical data!*

**Important information on installation**
- Observe suction lift and line diameter, see section 3.1 Technical data.
- Shorten hoses at right angles.
- Ensure that there are no loops or kinks in the hoses.
- Keep suction line as short as possible.
- Route suction line up towards the suction valve.
- Installing a filter in the suction line protects the entire installation against dirt and reduces the risk of leakage.
- Only control variant FC/FCM: For discharge quantities < 1 l/h we recommend the use of an additional spring-loaded valve (approx. 3 bar) on the discharge side for the safe generation of the necessary differential pressure.

**Hose connection procedure**
1. Push union nut and tensioning ring across hose.
2. Push cone part fully into hose, see fig. 8.
3. Attach cone part with hose to corresponding pump valve.
4. Tighten union nut manually.
   - Do not use tools!
5. Tighten up union nuts after 2-5 operating hours if using PTFE gaskets!
6. Attach deaeration hose to the corresponding connection (see fig. 3) and run into a container or a collecting tray.

**Fig. 8** Hydraulic connection

**Fig. 9** Installation example

**Note**
*Pressure differential between suction and discharge side must be at least 1 bar/14.5 psi!*  
*Tighten the dosing head screws with a torque wrench once before commissioning and again after 2-5 operating hours at 4 Nm.*

**Installation example**
The pump offers various installation options. In the picture below, the pump is installed in conjunction with a suction line, level switch and multifunction valve on a Grundfos tank.
4.3 Electrical connection

**Warning**
The enclosure class (IP65/Nema 4X) is only guaranteed if plugs or protective caps are correctly installed!

**Warning**
The pump can start automatically when the mains voltage is switched on!
*Do not manipulate mains plug or cable!*

**Note**
The mains plug is the separator separating the pump from the mains.
The rated voltage of the pump, see section 2.5 Nameplate, must conform to local conditions.

**Signal connections**

**Warning**
*Electric circuits of external devices connected to the pump inputs must be separated from dangerous voltage by means of double or reinforced insulation!*

---

Fig. 10  Wiring diagram of the electrical connections
Analog, External stop and pulse input

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Pins</th>
<th>Plug type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Analog</td>
<td>GND/(-) mA</td>
<td>mA signal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>External stop</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>Pulse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pulse</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>Pulse</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Level signals: Empty signal and Low-level signal

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Pins</th>
<th>Plug type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Low-level signal</td>
<td>X, GND</td>
<td>Pulse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Empty signal</td>
<td>X, GND</td>
<td>Pulse</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

GENIbus, Analog output

**Caution**

Danger of damage to the product due to short circuit! Pin 1 supplies 30 VDC. Never short-circuit pin 1 with any of the other pins!

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Pins</th>
<th>Plug type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GENIbus +30 V</td>
<td>GENI bus TXD</td>
<td>GENI bus RXD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Analog output</td>
<td>(+) mA GND/(-) mA</td>
<td>mA signal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Relay outputs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Pins</th>
<th>Plug type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Relay 1</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Pulse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relay 2</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Pulse</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

FlowControl signal connection

Fig. 11 FlowControl signal connection
5. Startup

5.1 Setting the menu language
For description of control elements, see section 6.

1. Turn click wheel to highlight the cog symbol.

2. Press the click wheel to open the “Setup” menu.

3. Turn the click wheel to highlight the “Language” menu.

4. Press the click wheel to open the “Language” menu.

5. Turn the click wheel to highlight the desired language.

6. Press the click wheel to select the highlighted language.

7. Press the click wheel again to confirm the “Confirm settings?” prompt and apply the setting.

Fig. 12 Set menu language
5.2 Deaerating the pump

**Warning**

*The deaeration hose must be connected correctly and inserted into a suitable tank!*

1. Open deaeration valve by approximately half a turn.
2. Press and hold down the [100%] key (deaeration key) until liquid flows continuously without any bubbles from the deaeration hose.
3. Close deaeration valve.

*Press the [100%] key and simultaneously turn the click wheel clockwise to increase the duration of the process to up to 300 seconds. After setting the seconds, do not press the key any longer.*

5.3 Calibrating the pump

The pump is calibrated in the factory for media with a viscosity similar to water at maximum pump backpressure (see section 3.1 Technical data).

If the pump is operated with a backpressure that deviates or if dosing a medium whose viscosity deviates, the pump must be calibrated.

For pumps with FCM control variant, it is not necessary to calibrate the pump if there is deviating or fluctuating backpressure as long as the "AutoFlowAdapt" function has been enabled (see section 6.10 *AutoFlowAdapt*).

**Requirements**

- The hydraulics and electrics of the pump are connected (see section 4. Assembly and installation).
- The pump is integrated into the dosing process under operating conditions.
- The dosing head and suction hose are filled with dosing medium.
- The pump has been deaerated.

**Warning**

The deaeration hose must be connected correctly and inserted into a suitable tank!
Calibration process - example for DDA 7.5-16

1. Fill a measuring beaker with dosing medium. Recommended filling volumes $V_1$:
   - DDA 7.5-16: 0.3 l
   - DDA 12-10: 0.5 l
   - DDA 17-7: 1.0 l
   - DDA 30-4: 1.5 l

![Image of a measuring beaker with 300 ml of dosing medium]

2. Read off and note down the fill volume $V_1$ (e.g. 300 ml).
3. Place the suction hose in the measuring beaker.

![Image of a suction hose in a measuring beaker]

4. Start the calibration process in the “Setup > Calibration” menu.

![Image of the calibration menu with 0 strokes and 0.0000 ml calibrat. volume]

5. The pump executes 200 dosing strokes and displays the factory calibration value (e.g. 125 ml).

![Image of the calibration menu with 200 strokes and 125 ml calibrat. volume]

6. Remove the suction hose from the measuring beaker and check the remaining volume $V_2$ (e.g. 170 ml).

![Image of the remaining volume in a measuring beaker as 170 ml]

7. From $V_1$ and $V_2$, calculate the actual dosed volume $V_d = V_1 - V_2$ (e.g. 300 ml - 170 ml = 130 ml).

![Image of the actual dosed volume calculation as 130 ml]

8. Set and apply $V_d$ in the calibration menu.
   - The pump is calibrated.
6. Operation

6.1 Control elements

The pump control panel includes a display and the following control elements.

![Control panel diagram](TM04-1104-2111)

**Fig. 13** Control panel

**Keys**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[Start/stop] key</td>
<td>Starting and stopping the pump.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[100%] key</td>
<td>The pump doses at maximum flow regardless of the operation mode.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Click wheel**

The click wheel is used to navigate through the menus, select settings and confirm them.

Turning the click wheel clockwise moves the cursor clockwise in increments in the display. Turning the click wheel counter-clockwise moves the cursor counter-clockwise.

6.2 Display and symbols

6.2.1 Navigation

In the "Info", "Alarm" and "Setup" main menus, the options and submenus are displayed in the rows below. Use the "Back" symbol to return to the higher menu level. The scroll bar at the right edge of the display indicates that there are further menu items which are not shown.

The active symbol (current cursor position) flashes. Press the click wheel to confirm your selection and open the next menu level. The active main menu is displayed as text, the other main menus are displayed as symbols. The position of the cursor is highlighted in black in the sub-menus.

When you position the cursor on a value and press the click wheel, a value is selected. Turning the click wheel clockwise increases the value, turning the click wheel counter-clockwise reduces the value. When you now press the click wheel, the cursor will be released again.

6.2.2 Operating states

The operating state of the pump is indicated by a symbol and display colour.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Display</th>
<th>Fault</th>
<th>Operating state</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Stop</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Standby</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Running</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>Warning</td>
<td>Stop</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Standby</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
<td>Stop</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Standby</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.2.3 Sleep mode (energy-saving mode)

If in the "Operation" main menu the pump is not operated for 30 seconds, the header disappears. After two minutes, the display brightness is reduced. If in any other menu the pump is not operated for two minutes, the display switches back to the "Operation" main menu and the display brightness is reduced. This state will be cancelled when the pump is operated or a fault occurs.
6.2.4 Overview of display symbols

The following display symbols may appear in the menus.

**Top row with main menus (Sect. 6.3)**
- Operation
- Info
- Alarm
- Setup

**Run display**
- Running - rotates when pump is dosing
- Blocked drive - flashing symbol

**Operation**
- 7.48 l/h
- Manual 7.48 l/h

**Activated functions**
- SlowMode (Sect. 6.6)
- FlowControl (Sect. 6.7)
- Key lock (Sect. 6.12)
- BUS Bus (Sect. 6.15)
- Auto deaeration (Sect. 6.11)

**Operation mode**
- Manual (Sect. 6.4.1)
- Pulse (Sect. 6.4.2)
- Analog 0/4-20 mA (Sect. 6.4.3)
- Batch (Sect. 6.4.4)
- Timer (Sect. 6.4.5, 6.4.6)

**Operating state (Sect. 6.2.2) and dosing flow**
- Running
- Standby
- Stop
- Deaerating
- Diaphragm position "out" (Sect. 7.)
- Diaphragm position "in" (Sect. 7.)

**Additional display (Sect. 6.13.2)**
- AR, FC variant: Target flow
- FCM variant: Actual flow
- Remaining batch volume (Batch/Timer)
- Input current (Analog)
- Time until next dosing process (Timer)
- Total dosed volume
- Actual backpressure

**Signal/error display**
- External stop (Sect. 6.16.2)
- Empty signal (Sect. 6.16.3)
- Low-level signal (Sect. 6.16.3)
- Cable break (Sect. 6.4.3)
- E-box (Sect. 6.15)
- Service (Sect. 7.)

*Fig. 14* Overview of display symbols
6.3 Main menus
The main menus are displayed as symbols at the top of the display. The currently active main menu is displayed as text.

6.3.1 Operation
Status information such as the dosing flow, selected operation mode and operating state is displayed in the "Operation" main menu.

6.3.2 Info
You can find the date, time and information about the active dosing process, various counters, product data and the service system status in the "Info" main menu. The information can be accessed during operation. The service system can also be reset from here.

6.3.3 Alarm
You can view errors in the "Alarm" main menu.

Up to 10 warnings and alarms, together with their date, time and cause, are listed in chronological order. If the list is full, the oldest entry will be overwritten, see section 8. Faults.

6.3.4 Setup
The "Setup" main menu contains menus for pump configuration. These menus are described in the following sections.

Counters
The "Info > Counters" menu contains the following counters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Counters</th>
<th>Resettable</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Volume Total dosed volume [l] or US gallons</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating hours Accumulated operating hours (pump switched on) [h]</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor runtime Accumulated motor runtime [h]</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strokes Accumulated number of dosing strokes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power on/off Accumulated frequency of switching mains voltage on</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* These submenus are only displayed for specific default settings and control variants. The contents of the "Setup" menu also vary depending on the operation mode.
6.4 Operation modes

Six different operation modes can be set in the "Setup > Operation mode" menu.

- Manual, see section 6.4.1
- Pulse, see section 6.4.2
- Analog 0-20mA, see section 6.4.3
  Analog 4-20mA, see section 6.4.3
- Batch (pulse-based), see section 6.4.4
- Dosing timer cycle, see section 6.4.5
- Dosing timer week, see section 6.4.6

6.4.1 Manual

In this operation mode, the pump constantly doses the dosing flow set with the click wheel. The dosing flow is set in l/h or ml/h in the "Operation" menu. The pump automatically switches between the units. Alternatively, the display can be reset to US units (gph). See section 6.13 Display Setup.

![Fig. 15 Manual mode](image)

The setting range depends on the pump type:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Setting range*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>[l/h]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DDA 7.5-16</td>
<td>0.0025 - 7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DDA 12-10</td>
<td>0.012 - 12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DDA 17-7</td>
<td>0.017 - 17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DDA 30-4</td>
<td>0.03 - 30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* When the "SlowMode" function is active, the maximum dosing flow is reduced, see section 3.1 Technical data.

6.4.2 Pulse

In this operation mode, the pump doses the set dosing volume for each incoming (potential-free) pulse, e.g. from a water meter. The pump automatically calculates the optimum stroke frequency for dosing the set volume per pulse. The calculation is based on:

- the frequency of external pulses
- the set dosing volume/pulse.

![Fig. 16 Pulse mode](image)

The dosing volume per pulse is set in ml/pulse in the "Operation" menu using the click wheel. The setting range for the dosing volume depends on the pump type:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Setting range [ml/pulse]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DDA 7.5-16</td>
<td>0.0015 - 14.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DDA 12-10</td>
<td>0.0029 - 29.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DDA 17-7</td>
<td>0.0031 - 31.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DDA 30-4</td>
<td>0.0062 - 62.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The frequency of incoming pulses is multiplied by the set dosing volume. If the pump receives more pulses than it can process at the maximum dosing flow, it runs at the maximum stroke frequency in continuous operation. Excess pulses will be ignored if the memory function is not enabled.

Memory function

When the "Setup > Pulse memory" function is enabled, up to 65,000 unprocessed pulses can be saved for subsequent processing.

**Warning**

Subsequent processing of saved pulses can cause local increase in concentration!

The contents of the memory will be deleted by:

- Switching off the power supply
- Changing the operation mode
- Interruption (e.g. alarm, External stop).
6.4.3 Analog 0/4-20 mA
In this operation mode, the pump doses according to the external analog signal. The dosing volume is proportional to the signal input value in mA.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operation mode</th>
<th>Input value [mA]</th>
<th>Dosing flow [%]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4-20 mA</td>
<td>≤ 4.1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>≥ 19.8</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0-20 mA</td>
<td>≤ 0.1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>≥ 19.8</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If the input value in operation mode 4-20 mA falls below 2 mA, an alarm is displayed and the pump stops. A cable break or signal transmitter error has occurred. The "Cable break" symbol is displayed in the "Signal and error display" area of the display.

Fig. 17  Analog scaling

Fig. 18  Analog operation mode

Set analog scaling
Analog scaling refers to the assignment of the current input value to the dosing flow. Changes of analog scaling affect also the analog output signal. See section 6.5 Analog output.

Analog scaling passes through the two reference points \((I_1/Q_1)\) and \((I_2/Q_2)\), which are set in the "Setup > Analog scaling" menu. The dosing flow is controlled according to this setting.

**Example 1 (DDA 7.5-16)**
Analog scaling with positive gradient:

In example 1, the reference points \(I_1 = 6\, \text{mA},\) \(Q_1 = 1.5\, \text{l/h}\) and \(I_2 = 16\, \text{mA},\) \(Q_2 = 7.5\, \text{l/h}\) have been set.

From 0 to 6 mA analog scaling is described by a line that passes through \(Q = 0\, \text{l/h}\), between 6 mA and 16 mA it rises proportionally from 1.5 l/h to 7.5 l/h and from 16 mA onwards it passes through \(Q = 7.5\, \text{l/h}\).

**Example 2 (DDA 7.5-16)**
Analog scaling with negative gradient (Operation mode 0-20 mA):

In example 2, the reference points \(I_1 = 2\, \text{mA},\) \(Q_1 = 7.5\, \text{l/h}\) and \(I_2 = 16\, \text{mA},\) \(Q_2 = 1.3\, \text{l/h}\) have been set.

From 0 to 2 mA analog scaling is described by a line that passes through \(Q = 0\, \text{l/h}\), between 2 mA and 16 mA it drops proportionally from 7.5 l/h to 1.3 l/h and from 16 mA onwards it passes through \(Q_2 = 1.3\, \text{l/h}\).
Set analog scaling in the "Operation" menu

Analog scaling can also be modified after a security prompt directly in the "Operation" menu. This is how the dosing flow is directly modified for the current flow input value.

Please observe that changes also have a direct effect on point \( I_2/Q_2 \) (see fig. 21)!

**Fig. 21** Set analog scaling ("Operation" menu)

6.4.4 Batch (pulse-based)

In this operation mode, the pump doses the set batch volume in the set dosing time \( (t_1) \). A batch is dosed with each incoming pulse.

The batch volume (e.g. 75 ml) is set in the "Setup > Batch volume" menu. The minimum dosing time required for this (e.g. 36 seconds) is displayed and can be increased.

**Fig. 22** Batch (pulse-based)

The setting range depends on the pump type:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Setting range per batch</th>
<th>Resolution* [ml]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DDA 7.5-16</td>
<td>from [ml] 0.74 to [l] 999</td>
<td>0.0925</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DDA 12-10</td>
<td>from [ml] 1.45 to [l] 999</td>
<td>0.1813</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DDA 17-7</td>
<td>from [ml] 1.55 to [l] 999</td>
<td>0.1938</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DDA 30-4</td>
<td>from [ml] 3.10 to [l] 999</td>
<td>0.3875</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Thanks to the digital motor control, dosing quantities with a resolution of up to 1/8 of the dosing stroke volume can be dosed.
6.4.5 Dosing timer cycle

In this operation mode, the pump doses the set batch volume in regular cycles. Dosing starts when the pump is started after a singular start delay. The setting range for the batch volume corresponds to the values in section 6.4.4 Batch (pulse-based).

**Warning**

*When time or date is changed in "Time+date" menu, timer dosing and timer relay output functions (Relay 2) are stopped!*

*Timer dosing and timer relay output functions must be restarted manually!*

*Changing time or date can cause increase or decrease in concentration!*

![Dosing timer cycle diagram](image)

**Fig. 25** Dosing timer cycle diagram

- \( t_1 \): Dosing time
- \( t_2 \): Start delay
- \( t_3 \): Cycle time

In the event of an interruption (e.g. interruption of the mains voltage, External stop), the dosing will be stopped while the time continues running. After suspending the interruption, the pump will continue to dose according to the actual timeline position.

The following settings are required in the "Setup > Dosing timer cycle" menu:

**Note**

*If several procedures overlap, the process with the higher dosing flow has priority!*

![Dosing timer cycle](image)

**Fig. 26** Dosing timer cycle

The total batch volume (e.g. 125 ml) and the remaining batch volume still to be dosed are displayed in the "Operation" menu. During breaks in dosing, the time until the next dosing process (e.g. 1:21) is displayed.

![Example for Dosing timer week function](image)

**Fig. 27** Dosing timer cycle

6.4.6 Dosing timer week

In this operation mode, up to 16 dosing procedures are defined for a week. These dosing procedures may take place regularly on one or several week days. The setting range for the batch volume corresponds to the values in section 6.4.4 Batch (pulse-based).

**Warning**

*When time or date is changed in "Time+date" menu, timer dosing and timer relay output functions (Relay 2) are stopped!*

*Timer dosing and timer relay output functions must be restarted manually!*

*Changing time or date can cause increase or decrease in concentration!*

![Example for Dosing timer week function](image)

**Fig. 28** Example for Dosing timer week function

The batch volume to be dosed (e.g. 125 ml) is set in the "Setup > Dosing timer cycle" menu. The dosing time required for this (e.g. 1:54) is displayed and can be changed.
The following settings are required in the "Setup > Dosing timer week" menu for each dosing procedure:

**Fig. 29** Setting the timer

The batch volume (e.g. 80.5 ml) is set in the "Setup > Dosing timer week" menu. The dosing time required for this (e.g. 39.0) is displayed and can be changed.

In the "Operation" menu, the total batch volume (e.g. 80.5 ml) and the remaining batch volume to be dosed is displayed. During breaks in dosing, the time (e.g. 43:32) until the next dosing is displayed.

**Fig. 30** Weekly timer dosing (break in dosing)

6.5 Analog output

The analog output of the pump is parametrised in the "Setup > Analog output" menu. The following settings are possible:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Description of output signal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Output = Input</td>
<td>Analog feedback signal (not for master-slave application). The analog input signal is mapped 1:1 to the analog output.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual flow**</td>
<td>Current actual flow • 0/4 mA = 0 % • 20 mA = 100 % see section 6.9 Flow measurement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Backpressure</td>
<td>Backpressure, measured in the dosing head • 0/4 mA = 0 bar • 20 mA = Max. operating pressure see section 6.8 Pressure monitoring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bus control</td>
<td>Enabled by command in Bus control, see section 6.15 Bus communication</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Output signal is based on motor speed and pump status (target flow).

** Signal has same analog scaling as the current analog input signal. See 6.4.3 Analog 0/4-20 mA.

Wiring diagram see section 4.3 Electrical connection.

In all operation modes, the analog output has a range of 4-20 mA.

Exception: Operation mode 0-20 mA. Here, the analog output range is 0-20 mA.
6.6 SlowMode

When the "SlowMode" function is enabled, the pump slows down the suction stroke. The function is enabled in the "Setup > SlowMode" menu and is used to prevent cavitation in the following cases:

- for dosing media with a high viscosity
- for degassing dosing media
- for long suction lines
- for large suction lift.

In the "Setup > SlowMode" menu, the speed of the suction stroke can be reduced to 50 % or 25 %.

**Caution**

Enabling the 'SlowMode' function reduces the maximum dosing flow of the pump to the set percentage value!

*Fig. 32  SlowMode menu*
6.7 FlowControl

Applies to DDA-FC/FCM control variant.

This function is used to monitor the dosing process. Although the pump is running, various influences e.g. air bubbles, can cause a reduced flow or even stop the dosing process. In order to guarantee optimum process safety, the enabled "FlowControl" function directly detects and indicates the following errors and deviations:

- Overpressure
- Damaged discharge line
- Air in the dosing chamber
- Cavitation
- Suction valve leakage > 70 %
- Discharge valve leakage > 70 %.

The occurrence of a fault is indicated by the "eye" symbol flashing. The faults are displayed in the "Alarm" menu (see section 8. Faults).

FlowControl works with a maintenance-free sensor in the dosing head. During the dosing process, the sensor measures the current pressure and continuously sends the measured value to the microprocessor in the pump. An internal indicator diagram is created from the current measured values and the current diaphragm position (stroke length). Causes for deviations can be identified immediately by aligning the current indicator diagram with a calculated optimum indicator diagram. Air bubbles in the dosing head reduce e.g. the discharge phase and consequently the stroke volume (see fig. 33).

Requirements for a correct indicator diagram are:

- FlowControl function is active
- Pressure difference between suction and discharge side is > 2 bar
- No interruption/pause in discharge stroke
- Pressure sensor and cable are functioning properly
- No leakage > 50 % in suction or discharge valve

If one of these requirements is not met, the indicator diagram cannot be evaluated.

---

**Fig. 33** Indicator diagram

1. Compression phase
2. Discharge phase
3. Expansion phase
4. Suction phase

**Sensitivity**

In "Sensitivity" the deviation in stroke volume, which will result in an error message, is set in percent.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sensitivity</th>
<th>Deviation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>low</td>
<td>approx. 70 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>medium</td>
<td>approx. 50 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>high</td>
<td>approx. 30 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Delay
The "Delay" parameter is used to define the time period until an error message is generated: "short", "medium" or "long". The delay depends on the set dosing flow and therefore cannot be measured in strokes or time.

Air bubbles
The "FlowControl" function identifies air bubbles > 60 % of the stroke volume. After switching to "Air bubble" warning status, the pump adapts the stroke frequency to approximately 30-40 % of max. stroke frequency, and starts a special motor drive strategy. The adaptation of the stroke frequency allows the air bubbles to rise from suction to discharge valve. Due to the special motor drive strategy the air bubbles are displaced from the dosing head into the discharge line.

If the air bubbles have not been eliminated after a maximum of 60 strokes, the pump returns to the normal motor drive strategy.

6.8 Pressure monitoring
Applies to DDA-FC/FCM control variant.
A pressure sensor monitors the pressure in the dosing head. If the pressure during the discharge phase falls below 2 bar, a warning is generated (pump continues running). If in the "Setup > Pressure monitoring" menu the function "Min. pressure alarm" is activated, an alarm is generated and the pump is stopped.

If the pressure exceeds the "Max. pressure" set in the "Setup > Pressure monitoring" menu, the pump is shut down, enters the standby state and indicates an alarm.

The pump restarts automatically once the backpressure falls below the set "Max. pressure"!

6.8.1 Pressure setting ranges

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Fixed min. pressure [bar]</th>
<th>Adjustable max. pressure [bar]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DDA 7.5-16</td>
<td>&lt; 2</td>
<td>3-17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DDA 12-10</td>
<td>&lt; 2</td>
<td>3-11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DDA 17-7</td>
<td>&lt; 2</td>
<td>3-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DDA 30-4</td>
<td>&lt; 2</td>
<td>3-5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Warning
Install a pressure-relief valve in the pressure line to provide protection against impermissibly high pressure!

The pressure measured in the dosing head is slightly higher than the actual system pressure.
Therefore the "Max. pressure" should be set at least 0.5 bar higher than the system pressure.

6.8.2 Calibration of pressure sensor
The pressure sensor is calibrated in the factory. As a rule, it does not need to be re-calibrated. If specific circumstances (e.g. pressure sensor exchange, extreme air pressure values at the location of the pump) necessitate a calibration, the sensor can be calibrated as follows:

1. Set pump to "Stop" operating state.
2. Make system pressureless and flush.
3. Dismantle suction line and suction valve.

Warning
Calibrating when the suction valve is installed produces incorrect calibration and can cause personal injuries and damage to property!
Only carry out a calibration if this is technically required!

4. Proceed as described below to calibrate:

Prompt: "Sensor calibration?"

If a calibration is not successfully possible, check plug connections, cable and sensor and replace defective parts where necessary.
6.9 Flow measurement

Applies to DDA-FCM control variant.

The pump accurately measures the actual flow and displays it. Via the 0/4-20 mA analog output, the actual flow signal can easily be integrated into an external process control without additional measuring equipment (see section 6.5 Analog output).

The flow measurement is based on the indicator diagram as described in section 6.7 FlowControl. The accumulated length of the discharge phase multiplied by the stroke frequency produces the displayed actual flow. Faults e.g. air bubbles or backpressure that is too low result in a smaller or larger actual flow. When the "AutoFlowAdapt" function is activated (see section 6.10 AutoFlowAdapt), the pump compensates for these influences by correction of the stroke frequency.

Strokes which cannot be analysed (partial strokes, pressure differential which is too low) are provisionally calculated based on the setpoint value and displayed.

6.10 AutoFlowAdapt

Applies to DDA-FCM control variant.

The "AutoFlowAdapt" function is activated in the "Setup" menu. It detects changes in various parameters and responds accordingly in order to keep the set target flow constant.

Dosing accuracy is increased when "AutoFlowAdapt" is activated.

This function processes information from the pressure sensor in the dosing head. Errors detected by the sensor are processed by the software. The pump responds immediately regardless of the operation mode by adjusting the stroke frequency or where necessary compensating for the deviations with a corresponding indicator diagram.

If the target flow cannot be achieved by the adjustments, a warning is issued.

"AutoFlowAdapt" operates on the basis of the following functions:

- FlowControl: malfunctions are identified (see section 6.7 FlowControl).
- Pressure monitoring: pressure fluctuations are identified (see section 6.8 Pressure monitoring).
- Flow measurement: deviations from the target flow are identified (see section 6.9 Flow measurement).

Example of "AutoFlowAdapt"

Pressure fluctuations

The dosing volume decreases as backpressure increases and conversely the dosing volume increases as the backpressure decreases. The "AutoFlowAdapt" function identifies pressure fluctuations and responds by adjusting the stroke frequency. The actual flow is thus maintained at a constant level.

6.11 Auto deaeration

Dosing degassing media can result in air pockets in the dosing head during breaks in dosing. This can result in no medium being dosed when restarting the pump. The "Setup > Auto deaeration" function performs pump deaeration automatically at regular intervals. Software-controlled diaphragm movements encourage any bubbles to rise and gather at the discharge valve so that they can be removed on the next dosing stroke.

The function works:

- when the pump is not in the "Stop" operating state
- during breaks in dosing (e.g. External stop, no incoming pulses, etc.).

The diaphragm movements can displace small volumes into the discharge line. When dosing strongly degassing media, this is however virtually impossible.

6.12 Key lock

The key lock is set in the "Setup > Key lock" menu by entering a four-digit code. It protects the pump by preventing changes to settings. Two levels of key lock can be selected:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Settings</td>
<td>All settings can only be changed by entering the lock code. The [Start/stop] key and the [100%] key are not locked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Settings + keys</td>
<td>The [Start/stop] key and the [100%] key and all settings are locked.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

It is still possible to navigate in the "Alarm" and "Info" main menu and reset alarms.

6.12.1 Temporary deactivation

If the "Key lock" function is activated but settings need to be modified, the keys can be unlocked temporarily by entering the deactivation code. If the code is not entered within 10 seconds, the display automatically switches to the "Operation" main menu. The key lock remains active.

6.12.2 Deactivation

The key lock can be deactivated in the "Setup > Key lock" menu via the "Off" menu point. The key lock is deactivated after the general code "2583" or a pre-defined custom code has been entered.
6.13 Display Setup

Use the following settings in the "Setup > Display" menu to adjust the display properties:

- Units (metric/US)
- Display contrast
- Additional display

6.13.1 Units

Metric units (litres/millilitres/bar) or US units (US gallons/PSI) can be selected. According to the operation mode and menu, the following units of measurement are displayed:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operation mode / function</th>
<th>Metric units</th>
<th>US units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Manual control</td>
<td>ml/h or l/h</td>
<td>gph</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pulse control</td>
<td>ml/\n</td>
<td>ml/\n</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0/4-20 mA Analog control</td>
<td>ml/h or l/h</td>
<td>gph</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Batch (pulse- or timer-controlled)</td>
<td>ml or l</td>
<td>gal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calibration</td>
<td>ml</td>
<td>ml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volume counter</td>
<td>l</td>
<td>gal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pressure monitoring</td>
<td>bar</td>
<td>psi</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.13.2 Additional display

The additional display provides additional information about the current pump status. The value is shown in the display with the corresponding symbol.

In "Manual" mode the "Actual flow" information can be displayed with \( Q = 1.28 \text{ l/h} \) (see fig. 34).

**Fig. 34** Display with additional display

The additional display can be set as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Default display</td>
<td>Depending on the operation mode:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>Actual flow (Manual/Pulse)(^1, 2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Target flow (Pulse)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Input current (analog)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Remaining batch volume (Batch, Timer)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Period until next dosing (Timer)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dosed volume</td>
<td>Dosed vol. since last reset (see Counters on page 21)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual flow</td>
<td>Current actual flow (^1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Backpressure</td>
<td>Current backpressure in the dosing head(^3)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^1\) only DDA-FCM control variant
\(^2\) only if indicator diagram can be evaluated (see 6.7 FlowControl)
\(^3\) only DDA-FCM/FC control variant

6.14 Time+date

The time and date can be set in the "Setup > Time+date" menu.

**Warning**

*When time or date is changed in "Time+date" menu, timer dosing and timer relay output functions (Relay 2) are stopped!*  
Timer dosing and timer relay output functions must be restarted manually!  
Changing time or date can cause increase or decrease in concentration!

**Caution**

*The conversion between summer and winter time does not take place automatically!*
6.15 Bus communication

The bus communication enables remote monitoring and setting of the pump via a fieldbus system.

Further manuals, functional profiles and support files (e.g. GSD-files) are available on the CD delivered with the interface hardware and on www.grundfos.com.

6.15.1 GENIbus communication

The pump is supplied with an integrated module for GENIbus communication. The pump identifies the bus control after connecting to the corresponding signal input. The “Activate communication?” prompt is displayed. After confirmation, the corresponding symbol appears in the “Activated functions” area in the “Operation” menu.

In the "Setup > Bus" menu the GENIbus address can be set from 32 to 231 and bus control can be deactivated.

![Bus menu](image)

**Fig. 35** Bus menu

*The maximum cable length for GENIbus connection is 3 m and must not be exceeded!*

6.15.2 Possible industrial bus types

The pump can be integrated into several networks using the additional E-box (Extension-Box).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bus type</th>
<th>Interface hardware</th>
<th>Retrofitting possible for pump software</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Profibus® DP</td>
<td>E-Box 150</td>
<td>V2.0 and higher</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Modbus RTU</td>
<td>E-Box 200</td>
<td>V2.5 and higher</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The pump can also be connected to a Grundfos CIU unit (CIU = Communication Interface Unit) equipped with one of the following CIM modules (CIM = Communication Interface Module):

- CIM150 Profibus
- CIM200 Modbus
- CIM270 GRM
- CIM500 Ethernet

For internal communication between the E-Box/CIU and the dosing pump, GENIbus is used.

*The maximum cable length for GENIbus connection is 3 m and must not be exceeded!*

**Prior to installation and start-up, read the documentation delivered with the E-Box or CIU unit!**

6.15.3 Activate communication

1. Set the pump to operating state "Stop" with the [Start/stop] key.
2. Switch off the power supply of the pump.
3. Install and connect the E-Box/CIU as described in the respective separate installation and operating instructions.
4. Switch on the power supply of the pump.

The "Activate communication?" prompt is displayed. After confirmation, the "Bus" symbol appears in the "Activated functions" area of the "Operation" menu, no matter if the prompt was accepted or refused. If the prompt has been accepted, the bus control function is activated. If the prompt has been refused, bus control function can be activated in "Setup > Bus" menu.

![Example of submenu for Profibus®](image)

**Fig. 36** Example of submenu for Profibus®

6.15.4 Setting the bus address

1. Enter "Setup > Bus" menu and set desired bus address:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bus type</th>
<th>Address range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Profibus® DP</td>
<td>0 - 126</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Modbus RTU</td>
<td>1 - 247</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. The pump needs to be restarted to initialise the new bus address. Switch off the power supply of the pump and wait for approximately 20 seconds.
3. Switch on the power supply of the pump.

The pump is initialised with the new bus address.

**Caution**

The maximum cable length for GENIbus connection is 3 m and must not be exceeded!
6.15.5 Characteristics of bus communication
To start and stop the pump via bus, it needs to be in operating state "Running". When the pump is remotely stopped from bus, the "External stop" symbol is displayed and the pump switches to operating state "Standby".

While bus control function is activated, the "Setup" menu only shows the "Bus" and "Key lock" submenus. The other main menus, the "External stop" function and the keys are still available.

All operation modes (see section 6.4 Operation modes) can still be used when bus control is activated. This allows to use the bus control only for monitoring and setting the pump. In this case the respective "BusWatchDog" (see functional profile on E-Box/CIU product CD) should be deactivated in bus control, because otherwise faults in communication can stop the pump.

To change any settings manually, the bus control function must be deactivated temporarily.

The analog output can not be used while the pump is bus-controlled as both functions use the same electrical connection. See section 4.3 Electrical connection.

6.15.6 Deactivate communication

Warning
After deactivating the bus control function, the pump can start automatically!

Before deactivating the bus control function, set the pump to operating state "Stop"!

Bus control function can be deactivated in the "Setup > Bus" menu. After deactivation all submenus in "Setup" menu are available.

The "Bus" symbol in the display disappears at next restart of the pump, after the E-Box/CIU plug was disconnected.

After disconnecting any plug, always refit protective cap!

6.15.7 Communication faults
Faults are only detected, if the respective "BusWatchDog" (see functional profile on E-Box/CIU product CD) is activated.

Warning
After a communication fault is repaired, the pump can start automatically, depending on current bus control and pump settings!

Before repairing any fault, set the pump to operating state "Stop"!

In case of bus communication faults (e.g. communication cable break), the pump stops dosing and switches to operating state "Standby" approximately 10 seconds after the fault was detected. An alarm is triggered, detailing the cause of the fault. See section 8. Faults.
6.16 Inputs/Outputs

In the "Setup > Inputs/Outputs" menu, you can configure the two outputs "Relay 1+Relay 2" and the signal inputs "External stop", "Empty signal" and "Low-level signal".

![In/Output](image)

**Fig. 37** Inputs/Outputs menu

**Warning**

When time or date is changed in "Time+date" menu, timer dosing and timer relay output functions (Relay 2) are stopped!

Timer dosing and timer relay output functions must be restarted manually! Changing time or date can cause increase or decrease in concentration!

### 6.16.1 Relay outputs

The pump can switch two external signals using installed relays. The relays are switched by potential-free pulses. The connection diagram of the relays is shown in section 4.3 Electrical connection. Both relays can be allocated with the following signals:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Relay 1 signal</th>
<th>Relay 2 signal</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alarm*</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
<td>Display red, pump stopped (e.g. empty signal, etc.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warning*</td>
<td>Warning</td>
<td>Display yellow, pump is running (e.g. low-level signal, etc.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stroke signal</td>
<td>Stroke signal</td>
<td>Each full stroke</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pump dosing</td>
<td>Pump dosing*</td>
<td>Pump running and dosing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pulse input**</td>
<td>Pulse input**</td>
<td>Each incoming pulse from pulse input</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bus control</td>
<td>Bus control</td>
<td>Activated by a command in the bus communication</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timer Cycle</td>
<td></td>
<td>See following sections</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timer Week</td>
<td></td>
<td>See following sections</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Contact type**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NO*</td>
<td>NO*</td>
<td>Normally open contact</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>NC</td>
<td>Normally closed contact</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Factory setting

** The correct transmission of incoming pulses can only be guaranteed up to a pulse frequency of 5 Hz.
Timer Cycle (Relay 2)

For the "Relay 2 > Timer Cycle" function, set the following parameters:

- On ($t_1$)
- Start delay ($t_2$)
- Cycle time ($t_3$)

Fig. 38  Diagram

Timer Week (Relay 2)

This function saves up to 16 relay on-times for a week. The following settings can be made for each relay switching operation in the "Relay 2 > Timer Week" menu:

- Procedure (No.)
- On time (duration)
- Start time
- Weekdays.

6.16.2 External stop

The pump can be stopped via an external pulse, e.g. from a control room. When activating the external stop pulse, the pump switches from the operating state "Running" into the operating state "Standby". The corresponding symbol appears in the "Signal/error display" area of the display.

**Caution**

Frequent disengagement from the mains voltage, e.g. via a relay, can result in damage to the pump electronics and in the breakdown of the pump. The dosing accuracy is also reduced as a result of internal start procedures.

Do not control the pump via the mains voltage for dosing purposes!

Only use the "External stop" function to start and stop the pump!

The contact type is factory-set to normally open contact (NO). In the "Setup > Inputs/Outputs > External stop" menu, the setting can be changed to normally closed contact (NC).

6.16.3 Empty and Low level signals

In order to monitor the filling level in the tank, a dual-level sensor can be connected to the pump. The pump responds to the signals as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sensor signal</th>
<th>Pump status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Low level     | • Display is yellow  
|               | • Flashes  
|               | • Pump continues running |
| Empty         | • Display is red  
|               | • Flashes  
|               | • Pump stops |

**Caution**

When the tank is filled up again, the pump restarts automatically!

Both signal inputs are allocated to the normally open contact (NO) in the factory. They can be re-allocated in the "Setup > Inputs/Outputs" menu to normally closed contact (NC).

6.17 Basic settings

All settings can be reset to the settings default upon delivery in the "Setup > Basic settings" menu.

Selecting "Save customer settings" saves the current configuration to the memory. This can then be activated using "Load customer settings".

The memory always contains the previously saved configuration. Older memory data is overwritten.
7. Service
In order to ensure a long service life and dosing accuracy, wearing parts such as diaphragms and valves must be regularly checked for signs of wear. Where necessary, replace worn parts with original spare parts made from suitable materials.

Should you have any questions, please contact your service partner.

Warning
Maintenance work must only be carried out by qualified staff.

7.1 Regular maintenance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Interval</th>
<th>Task</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Check, if liquid leaks from the drain opening (fig. 41, pos. 11) and if the drain opening is blocked or soiled. If so, follow the instructions given in section 7.6 Diaphragm breakage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Check, if liquid leaks from the dosing head or valves. If necessary, tighten dosing head screws with a torque wrench at 4 Nm. If necessary, tighten valves and cap nuts, or perform service (see 7.4 Perform service).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Check, if a service requirement is present at the pump display. If so, follow the instructions given in section 7.3 Service system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weekly</td>
<td>Clean all pump surfaces with a dry and clean cloth.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Every 3 months</td>
<td>Check dosing head screws. If necessary, tighten dosing head screws with a torque wrench at 4 Nm. Replace damaged screws immediately.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7.2 Cleaning
If necessary, clean all pump surfaces with a dry and clean cloth.

7.3 Service system
According to the motor runtime or after a defined period of operation, service requirements will appear. Service requirements appear regardless of the current operating state of the pump and do not affect the dosing process.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service requirement</th>
<th>Motor runtime [h]*</th>
<th>Time interval [months]*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Service soon!</td>
<td>7500</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service now!</td>
<td>8000</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Since the last service system reset

Caution
For media which result in increased wear, the service interval must be shortened.

The service requirement signals when the replacement of wearing parts is due and displays the number of the service kit. Press the click wheel to temporarily hide the service prompt.

When the "Service now!" message appears (displayed daily), the pump must be serviced immediately. The ⚠ symbol appears in the "Operation" menu.

The number of the service kit required is also displayed in the "Info" menu.
7.4 Perform service

Only spare parts and accessories from Grundfos should be used for maintenance. The usage of non-original spare parts and accessories renders any liability for resulting damages null and void. Further information about carrying out maintenance can be found in the service kit catalogue on our homepage. See www.grundfos.com.

Warning
Risk of chemical burns!
When dosing dangerous media, observe the corresponding precautions in the safety data sheets!

Wear protective clothing (gloves and goggles) when working on the dosing head, connections or lines!
Do not allow any chemicals to leak from the pump. Collect and dispose of all chemicals correctly!

Before any work to the pump, the pump must be in the "Stop" operating state or be disconnected from the power supply. The system must be pressureless!

7.4.1 Dosing head overview

7.4.2 Dismantling the diaphragm and valves

Warning
Danger of explosion, if dosing liquid has entered the pump housing!

If the diaphragm is possibly damaged, don’t connect the pump to the power supply! Proceed as described in section 7.6 Diaphragm breakage!

This section refers to fig. 41.
1. Make system pressureless.
2. Empty dosing head before maintenance and flush it if necessary.
3. Set pump to "Stop" operating state using the [Start/stop] key.
4. Press the [Start/stop] and [100%] keys at the same time to put the diaphragm into "out" position.
   – Symbol \( \downarrow \) must be displayed (see fig. 14).
5. Take suitable steps to ensure that the returning liquid is safely collected.
6. Dismantle suction, pressure and deaeration hose.
7. Dismantle valves on suction and discharge side (5, 6).
8. Remove the cover (9).
9. Loosen screws (8) on the dosing head (7) and remove with discs.
10. Remove the dosing head (7).
11. Unscrew diaphragm (4) counter-clockwise and remove with flange (2).
12. Make sure the drain opening (11) is not blocked or soiled. Clean if necessary.
13. Check the safety diaphragm (1) for wear and damage. Replace if necessary.

If nothing indicates that dosing liquid has entered the pump housing, go on as described in section 7.4.3 Reassembling the diaphragm and valves. Otherwise proceed as described in section 7.6.2 Dosing liquid in the pump housing.
7.4.3 Reassembling the diaphragm and valves
The pump must only be reassembled, if nothing indicates that dosing liquid has entered the pump housing. Otherwise proceed as described in section 7.6.2 Dosing liquid in the pump housing.

This section refers to fig. 41.
1. Attach flange (2) correctly and screw on new diaphragm (4) clockwise.
   – Make sure that the O-ring (3) is seated correctly!
2. Press the [Start/stop] and [100%] keys at the same time to put the diaphragm into “in” position.
   – Symbol $\rightarrow$ must be displayed (see fig. 14).
3. Attach the dosing head (7).
4. Install screws with discs (8) and cross-tighten with a torque wrench.
   – Torque: 4 Nm.
5. Attach the cover (9).
6. Install new valves (5, 6).
   – Do not interchange valves and pay attention to direction of arrow.
7. Connect suction, pressure and deaeration hose (see section 4.2 Hydraulic connection)
8. Press the [Start/stop] key to leave the service mode.

9. Deaerate dosing pump (see section 5.2 Deaerating the pump).
10. Please observe the notes on commissioning in section 5. Startup!

7.5 Resetting the service system
After performing the service, the service system must be reset using the "Info > Reset service system" function.

7.6 Diaphragm breakage
If the diaphragm leaks or is broken, dosing liquid escapes from the drain opening (fig. 41, pos. 11) on the dosing head.

In case of diaphragm breakage, the safety diaphragm (fig. 41, pos. 1) protects the pump housing against ingress of dosing liquid.

When dosing crystallising liquids the drain opening can be blocked by crystallisation. If the pump is not taken out of operation immediately, a pressure can build up between the diaphragm (fig. 41, pos. 4) and the safety diaphragm in the flange (fig. 41, pos. 2). The pressure can press dosing liquid through the safety diaphragm into the pump housing.

Most dosing liquids don’t cause any danger when entering the pump housing. However a view liquids can cause a chemical reaction with inner parts of the pump. In the worst case, this reaction can produce explosive gases in the pump housing.

Warning
Danger of explosion, if dosing liquid has entered the pump housing!
Operation with damaged diaphragm can lead to dosing liquid entering the pump housing.
In case of diaphragm breakage, immediately separate the pump from the power supply!
Make sure the pump cannot be put back into operation by accident!
Dismantle the dosing head without connecting the pump to the power supply and make sure no dosing liquid has entered the pump housing.
Proceed as described in section 7.6.1 Dismantling in case of diaphragm breakage.

To avoid any danger resulting from diaphragm breakage, observe the following:
- Perform regular maintenance. See section 7.1 Regular maintenance.
- Never operate the pump with blocked or soiled drain opening.
  - If the drain opening is blocked or soiled, proceed as described in section 7.6.1 Dismantling in case of diaphragm breakage.
- Never attach a hose to the drain opening. If a hose is attached to the drain opening, it is impossible to recognise escaping dosing liquid.
- Take suitable precautions to prevent harm to health and damage to property from escaping dosing liquid.
- Never operate the pump with damaged or loose dosing head screws.
7.6.1 Dismantling in case of diaphragm breakage

Warning

Danger of explosion, if dosing liquid has entered the pump housing!
Do not connect the pump to the power supply!

This section refers to fig. 41.
1. Make system pressureless.
2. Empty dosing head before maintenance and flush it if necessary.
3. Take suitable steps to ensure that the returning liquid is safely collected.
4. Dismantle suction, pressure and deaeration hose.
5. Remove the cover (9).
6. Loosen screws (8) on the dosing head (7) and remove with discs.
7. Remove the dosing head (7).
8. Unscrew diaphragm (4) counter-clockwise and remove with flange (2).
9. Make sure the drain opening (11) is not blocked or soiled. Clean if necessary.
10. Check the safety diaphragm (1) for wear and damage. Replace if necessary.

If nothing indicates that dosing liquid has entered the pump housing, go on as described in section 7.4.3 Reassembling the diaphragm and valves.
Otherwise proceed as described in section 7.6.2 Dosing liquid in the pump housing.

7.6.2 Dosing liquid in the pump housing

Warning

Danger of explosion!
Immediately separate the pump from the power supply!
Make sure the pump cannot be put back into operation by accident!

If dosing liquid has entered the pump housing:
• Send the pump to Grundfos for repair, following the instructions given in section 7.7 Repairs.
• If a repair isn’t economically reasonable, dispose of the pump observing the information in section 9. Disposal.

7.7 Repairs

Warning

The pump housing must only be opened by personnel authorised by Grundfos!
Repairs must only be carried out by authorised and qualified personnel!
Switch off the pump and disconnect it from the voltage supply before carrying out maintenance work and repairs!

After consulting Grundfos, please send the pump, together with the safety declaration completed by a specialist, to Grundfos. The safety declaration can be found at the end of these instructions. It must be copied, completed and attached to the pump.

The pump must be cleaned prior to dispatch!

Caution

If dosing liquid has possibly entered the pump housing, state that explicitly in the safety declaration! Observe section 7.6 Diaphragm breakage.

If the above requirements are not met, Grundfos may refuse to accept delivery of the pump. The shipping costs will be charged to the sender.
8. Faults

In the event of faults in the dosing pump, a warning or an alarm is triggered. The corresponding fault symbol flashes in the “Operation” menu, see section 8.1 List of faults. The cursor jumps to the "Alarm" main menu symbol. Press the click wheel to open the "Alarm" menu and, where necessary, faults to be acknowledged will be acknowledged.

A yellow display indicates a warning and the pump continues running.
A red display indicates an alarm and the pump is stopped.
The last 10 faults are stored in the "Alarm" main menu. When a new fault occurs, the oldest fault is deleted.
The two most recent faults are shown in the display, you can scroll through all the other faults. The time and cause of the fault are displayed.

The list of faults can be deleted at the end of the list. If there is a service requirement, this appears when the "Alarm" menu is opened. Press the click wheel to temporarily close the service prompt (see section 7.3 Service system).
### 8.1 List of faults

#### 8.1.1 Faults with error message

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Display in the &quot;Alarm&quot; menu</th>
<th>Possible cause</th>
<th>Possible remedy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| ▼ ★ Empty (Alarm) ★         | • Dosing medium tank empty | • Fill tank.  
  • Check contact setting (NO/NC). |
| ▼ Low level (Warning)       | • Dosing medium tank almost empty | |
| Overpressure (Alarm)        | • Discharge valve blocked  
  • Isolating valve in discharge line closed  
  • Pressure peaks due to high viscosity  
  • Max. pressure set too low (see section 6.8 Pressure monitoring) | • Replace valve if necessary (see section 7.4 Perform service).  
  • Check flow direction of valves (arrow) and correct if necessary.  
  • Open the isolating valve (on the discharge side).  
  • Enlarge diameter of discharge line.  
  • Change pressure setting (see section 6.8 Pressure monitoring). |
| Low backpressure (Warning/alarm*) | • Faulty diaphragm  
  • Broken discharge line  
  • Pressure differential between suction and discharge side too low  
  • Leakage in the pressure loading valve at Q < 1 l/h  
  • Deaeration valve open | • Change the diaphragm (see section 7.4 Perform service).  
  • Check discharge line and repair if necessary.  
  • Install additional spring-loaded valve (approx. 3 bar) on the discharge side.  
  • Close the deaeration valve. |
| Air bubble (Warning)        | • Broken/leaky suction line  
  • Strongly degassing medium  
  • Tank dosing medium empty | • Check suction line and repair if necessary.  
  • Provide positive inlet pressure (place dosing medium tank above the pump).  
  • Enable "SlowMode" (see section 6.6 SlowMode).  
  • Fill tank. |
| Cavitation (Warning)        | • Blocked/constricted/squeezed suction line  
  • Blocked/constricted suction valve  
  • Suction lift too high  
  • Viscosity too high | • Enable "SlowMode" (see section 6.6 SlowMode).  
  • Reduce suction lift.  
  • Increase suction hose diameter.  
  • Check suction line and open isolating valve if necessary. |
| Suct. valve leak (Warning)  | • Leaky/dirty suction valve  
  • Deaeration valve open | • Check valve and tighten it up.  
  • Flush system.  
  • Replace valve if necessary (see section 7.4 Perform service).  
  • Check O-ring position.  
  • Install filter in suction line.  
  • Close the deaeration valve. |
| Disch. valve leak (Warning) | • Leaky/dirty discharge valve  
  • Leakage in the pressure loading valve  
  • Deaeration valve open | • Check valve and tighten it up.  
  • Flush system.  
  • Replace valve if necessary (see section 7.4 Perform service).  
  • Check O-ring position.  
  • Install screen in suction line.  
  • Close the deaeration valve.  
  • Install spring-loaded valve on the discharge side. |
| Flow deviation (Warning)    | • Considerable deviation between target and actual flow  
  • Pump not or incorrectly calibrated | • Check installation.  
  • Calibrate the pump (see section 5.3 Calibrating the pump). |
### 8.1.2 General faults

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fault</th>
<th>Possible cause</th>
<th>Possible remedy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dosing flow too high</td>
<td>Inlet pressure greater than backpressure</td>
<td>Install additional spring-loaded valve (approx. 3 bar) on the discharge side.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Incorrect calibration</td>
<td>Increase pressure differential.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Calibrate the pump (see section 5.3 Calibrating the pump).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Air in dosing head</td>
<td>Deaerate the pump.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Faulty diaphragm</td>
<td>Change the diaphragm (see section 7.4 Perform service).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Leakage/fracture in lines</td>
<td>Check and repair lines.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Valves leaking or blocked</td>
<td>Check and clean valves.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Valves installed incorrectly</td>
<td>Check that the arrow on the valve housing is pointing in the direction of flow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Blocked suction line</td>
<td>Check whether all O-rings are installed correctly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Clean suction line/install filter</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Suction lift too high</td>
<td>Reduce suction lift.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Install priming aid</td>
<td>Enable &quot;SlowMode&quot; (see section 6.6 SlowMode).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Viscosity too high</td>
<td>Enable &quot;SlowMode&quot; (see section 6.6 SlowMode).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Use hose with larger diameter.</td>
<td>Use hose with larger diameter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Install spring-loaded valve on the discharge side.</td>
<td>Install spring-loaded valve on the discharge side.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Faulty calibration</td>
<td>Calibrate the pump (see section 5.3 Calibrating the pump).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Deaeration valve open</td>
<td>Close the deaeration valve.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Depending on setting
9. Disposal

This product or parts of it must be disposed of in an environmentally sound way.
Use appropriate waste collection services.
If this is not possible, contact the nearest Grundfos company or service workshop.

Subject to alterations.
Appendix

Safety declaration

Please copy, fill in and sign this sheet and attach it to the pump returned for service.

Note Fill in this document using English or German language.

Product type (nameplate)

Model number (nameplate)

Dosing medium

Fault description

Please make a circle around the damaged parts.
In the case of an electrical or functional fault, please mark the cabinet.

Please describe the error/cause of the error in brief.

☐ Dosing liquid has possibly entered the pump housing.
The pump must not be connected to the power supply! Danger of explosion!

We hereby declare that the pump has been cleaned and is completely free from chemical, biological and radioactive substances.

Date and signature

Company stamp
Declaration of conformity

GB: EC declaration of conformity

We, Grundfos, declare under our sole responsibility that the products DDA, DDC and DDE, to which this declaration relates, are in conformity with these Council directives on the approximation of the laws of the EC member states:

CZ: ES prohlášení o shodě

My firma Grundfos prohlašujieme na svou plnou odpovědnost, že výrobky DDA, DDC a DDE, na něž se toto prohlášení vztahuje, jsou v souladu s ustanoveními směrnice Rady pro sbližení právnicích předpisů členských států Evropského společenství v oblastech:

DE: EG-Konformitätserklärung

Wir, Grundfos, erklären in alleiner Verantwortung, dass die Produkte DDA, DDC und DDE, auf die sich diese Erklärung bezieht, mit den folgenden Richtlinien des Rates zur Angleichung der Rechtsvorschriften der EU-Mitgliedsstaaten übereinstimmen:

GR: Δήλωση συμμόρφωσης ΕC

Εμείς, η Grundfos, δήλωνουμε με αποκλειστική δική μας ευθύνη ότι τα προϊόντα DDA, DDC και DDE τα οποία αναφέρονται στην παρούσα δήλωση, συμμορφώνονται με τις εξής διεθνείς του Συμβουλίου περί προσέγγισης των νομοθεσιών των κρατών μελών της ΕΕ:

FR: Déclaration de conformité CE

Nous, Grundfos, décloramons sous notre seule responsabilité, que les produits DDA, DDC et DDE, auxquels se réfère cette déclaration, sont conformes aux Directives du Conseil concernant le rapprochement des législations des Etats membres CE relatives aux normes énoncées ci-dessous:

IT: Dichiarazione di conformità CE

Grundfos dichiara sotto la sua esclusiva responsabilità che i prodotti DDA, DDC e DDE, ai quali si riferisce questa dichiarazione, sono conformi alle seguenti direttive del Consiglio riguardanti il riavvicinamento delle disposizioni degli Stati membri CE:

NL: EC overeenkomstigheidsverklaring

We, Grundfos, verklaren geheel onder eigen verantwoordelijkheid dat de produkte DDA, DDC en DDE, waarop deze verklaring betrekking heeft, in overeenstemming zijn met de Richtlijnen van de Raad in zake de onderlinge aanpassing van de wetgeving van de EG Lidstaten betreffende:

UA: Декларація відповідності ЄС

Компанія Grundfos заявляє про свою виключну відповідальність за те, що продукти DDA, DDC та DDE, на які поширюється дана декларація, відповідають таким рекомендаціям Ради з уніфікації правових норм країн - членів ЄС:

PT: Declaração de conformidade CE

A Grundfos declara sob sua única responsabilidade que os produtos DDA, DDC e DDE, aos quais diz respeito esta declaração, estão em conformidade com as seguintes Directivas do Conselho sobre a aproximação das legislações dos Estados Membros da CE:

RO: Declarația de conformitate CE

Noi, Grundfos, declarăm pe propria răspundere că produsele DDA, DDC și DDE, la care se referă această declarație, sunt în conformitate cu aceste Directive de Consiliu asupra armonizării legilor Statelor Membre CE:

SI: ES izjava o skladnosti

V Grundfosu z polno odgovornosti izjavljamo, da so naši izdelki DDA, DDC in DDE, v kateri se ta izjava nanaša, v skladu z naslednjimi direktivami Sveta o približevanju zakonodaje za izenačevanje pravnih predpisov držav članic ES:

BG: EC декларация за съответствие

Ние, фирмата Grundfos, заявяваме с пълна отговорност, че продуктите DDA, DDC и DDE, за които се отнася настоящата декларация, отговарят на следните указания на Съвета за уеднаквяване на правните разпоредби на държавите членки на EC:

DK: EF-overensstemmelseserklæring

Vi, Grundfos, erklærer under ansvar at produkterne DDA, DDC og DDE som denne erklæring omhandler, er i overensstemmelse med disse afsatte Rådets direktiver om indbyrdes tilnærming til EF-medlemsstaternes lovgivning:

EE: EL vastavusdeklaratsioon

Meie, Grundfos, deklareerime enda ainuvestatustel, et tooted DDA, DDC ja DDE, mille kohta käesolev juhend käib, on vastavuses EU Nõukogu direktividega EMU liikmesriikide seaduste ühitamise kohta, mis käsitlevad:

ES: Declaración CE de conformidad

Nosotros, Grundfos, declaramos bajo nuestra entera responsabilidad que los productos DDA, DDC y DDE, a los cuales se refiere esta declaración, están conformes con las Directivas del Consejo en la aproximación de las leyes de las Estados Miembros del EM:

HR: EZ izjava o usklađenosti

Mi, Grundfos, izjavljujemo pod vlastitom odgovornošću da je proizvod DDA, DDC i DDE, na koji se ova izjava odnosi, u skladu s direktivama ovog Vijeća o usklađivanju zakona država članica EU:

LV:EK atbilstības deklarācija

Sabiedrība Grundfos ar pilnu atbildību dara zinām, ka produkti DDA, DDC un DDE, uz kuriem attiecas šīs pašpošķojums, atbilst šādām Padomes direktīvām par tuvinišanos EK dalībvalstu likumdošanas normām:

HU: EG megfelelőségi nyilatkozat

Mi, a Grundfos, egyedül felelőségeljük kijelentjük, hogy a DDA, DDC és DDE termékek, amelyekre jelen nyilatkozat vonatkozik, megfelelnek az Európai Unió tagállamainak jogi irányelveit összehangoló tanács alábbi előírásainak:

NO: EU samsvarserklæring

Vi, Grundfos, erklærer på eget ansvar at produktene DDA, DDC og DDE, som denne erklæringen gjelder, er i samsvar med disse rådsdirektivene slik de omtrentlig samsvarer med lovene for EU-medlemslandene;

PL: Deklaracja zgodności WE

My, Grundfos, oświadczamy z pełną odpowiedzialnością, że nasze wyroby DDA, DDC oraz DDE, których deklaracja niniejsza dotyczy, są zgodne z następującymi wytycznymi Rady ds. ujednolicenia przepisów prawnych krajów członkowskich WE:

RU: Deklarация о соответствии EC

Мы, компания Grundfos, со всей ответственностью заявляем, что изделия DDA, DDC и DDE, к которым относится настоящая декларация, соответствуют следующим Директивам Совета Европейского союза об унификации законодательных предписаний стран-членов EC:

SK: Prehlásenie o konformite ES

My firma Grundfos prehlasujeme na svoju plnu zodpovednosť, že výrobky DDA, DDC a DDE, na ktoré sa toto prehlásenie vztahuje, sú v súlade s ustanovením smernice Rady pre zблиženie právnych predpisov členských štátov Europského spoločenstva v oblastiach:

RS: EC deklaracija o usaglašenosti

Mi, Grundfos, izjavljamo pod vlastitom odgovornošću da je proizvod DDA, DDC i DDE, na koji se ova izjava odnosi, u skladu sa direkativama Saveta za usklađivanje zakona država članica EU:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Language</th>
<th>Declaration of conformity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FI</td>
<td>Me, Grundfos, vakuutamme omalla vastuullamme, että tuotteet DDA, DDC ja DDE, joita tämä vakuutus koskee, ovat EY:n jäsenvaltioiden lainsäädännön yhdenmukaistamiseen tähtäävien Euroopan neuvoston direktiivien vaatimusten mukaisia seuraavasti:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SE</td>
<td>Vi, Grundfos, försäkrar under ansvar att produkterna DDA, DDC och DDE, som omfattas av denna försäkran, är i överensstämmelse med rådets direktiv om inbördes närmande till EU-medlemsstaternas lagstiftning, avseende:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TR</td>
<td>Grundfos olarak bu beyannameye konu olan DDA, DDC ve DDE ürünlerinin, AB Üyeli Ülkelerin kanunlarını birbirine yaklaştırma üzerine Konsey Direktifleriyle uyuşmu olduğunu yalnızca bizim sorumluluğumuz altında olduğunu beyan ederiz:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CN</td>
<td>我们格兰富在我们的全权责任下声明，产品 DDA, DDC 和 DDE，即该合格证所指之产品，符合欧共体使其成员国法律趋于一致的以下欧共理事会指令：</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JP</td>
<td>Grundfos は、その責任の下に、DDA、DDC 製品および DDE 製品が EC 加盟諸国の法規に関連する、以下の評議会指令に適合していることを宣言します:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KO</td>
<td>Grundfos 에서는 자사의 단독 책임에 따라 이 선언과 관련된 DDA, DDC 및 DDE 제품이 EC 회원국 법률에 기반한 다음 이사회 지침을 준수함을 선언합니다 :</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


This EC declaration of conformity is only valid when published as part of the Grundfos installation and operating instructions.

Pfingtal, 1 December 2014

Ulrich Stemick
Technical Director
Grundfos Water Treatment GmbH
Reetzstr. 85, D-76327 Pfingtal, Germany

Person authorised to compile technical file and empowered to sign the EC declaration of conformity.